

NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

G05LHF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G05LHF generates a vector of pseudo-random numbers from a triangular distribution with parameters x_{\min} , x_{\max} and x_{med} .

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE G05LHF(XMIN, XMAX, XMED, N, X, IGEN, ISEED, IFAIL)
  INTEGER          N, IGEN, ISEED(4), IFAIL
  real           XMIN, XMAX, XMED, X(*)
```

3 Description

The triangular distribution has a PDF (probability density function) that is triangular in profile. The base of the triangle ranges from $x = x_{\min}$ to $x = x_{\max}$ and the PDF has a maximum value of $\frac{2}{x_{\max} - x_{\min}}$ at $x = x_{\text{med}}$. If $x_{\min} = x_{\text{med}} = x_{\max}$ then $x = x_{\text{med}}$ with probability 1; otherwise the triangular distribution has PDF:

$$f(x) = \frac{x - x_{\min}}{x_{\text{med}} - x_{\min}} \times \frac{2}{x_{\max} - x_{\min}} \quad \text{if } x_{\min} < x \leq x_{\text{med}},$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x_{\max} - x}{x_{\max} - x_{\text{med}}} \times \frac{2}{x_{\max} - x_{\min}} \quad \text{if } x_{\text{med}} < x \leq x_{\max},$$

$$f(x) = 0 \quad \text{otherwise.}$$

One of the initialisation routines G05KBF (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or G05KCF (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to G05LHF.

4 References

Knuth D E (1981) *The Art of Computer Programming (Volume 2)* (2nd Edition) Addison-Wesley

5 Parameters

1: XMIN – *real* *Input*
 2: XMAX – *real* *Input*

On entry: the end-points x_{\min} and x_{\max} of the uniform distribution.

Constraint: XMIN \leq XMAX.

3: XMED – *real* *Input*

On entry: the median of the distribution x_{med} (also the location of the vertex of the triangular distribution at which the PDF reaches a maximum).

Constraint: XMIN \leq XMED \leq XMAX.

- 4: N – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the number, n , of pseudo-random numbers to be generated.
Constraint: $N \geq 0$.
- 5: X(*) – *real* array *Output*
Note: the dimension of the array X must be at least $\max(1, N)$.
On exit: the n pseudo-random numbers from the specified triangular distribution.
- 6: IGEN – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: must contain the identification number for the generator to be used to return a pseudo-random number and should remain unchanged following initialisation by a prior call to one of the routines G05KBF or G05KCF.
- 7: ISEED(4) – INTEGER array *Input/Output*
On entry: contains values which define the current state of the selected generator.
On exit: contains updated values defining the new state of the selected generator.
- 8: IFAIL – INTEGER *Input/Output*
On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. Users who are unfamiliar with this parameter should refer to Chapter P01 for details.
On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).
 For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, for users not familiar with this parameter the recommended value is 0. **When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.**

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, $XMAX < XMIN$.

IFAIL = 2

On entry, $XMED < XMIN$,
 or $XMED > XMAX$.

IFAIL = 3

On entry, $N < 0$.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

The example program prints five pseudo-random numbers from a triangular distribution with parameters $x_{\min} = -1.0$, $x_{\max} = 1.0$ and $x_{\text{med}} = 0.5$, generated by a single call to G05LHF, after initialisation by G05KBF.

9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses *bold italicised* terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
*      G05LHF Example Program Text
*      Mark 20 Release. NAG Copyright 2001.
*      .. Parameters ..
INTEGER          NOUT, M
PARAMETER       (NOUT=6,M=5)
*      .. Local Scalars ..
INTEGER          IFAIL, IGEN
*      .. Local Arrays ..
real           X(M)
INTEGER          ISEED(4)
*      .. External Subroutines ..
EXTERNAL        G05KBF, G05LHF
*      .. Executable Statements ..
WRITE (NOUT,*) 'G05LHF Example Program Results'
WRITE (NOUT,*)
*      Initialise the seed to a repeatable sequence
ISEED(1) = 1762543
ISEED(2) = 9324783
ISEED(3) = 42344
ISEED(4) = 742355
*      IGEN identifies the stream.
IGEN = 1
CALL G05KBF(IGEN,ISEED)
*
IFAIL = 0
CALL G05LHF(-1.0e0,1.0e0,0.5e0,M,X,IGEN,ISEED,IFAIL)
*
WRITE (NOUT,99999) X
STOP
*
99999 FORMAT (1X,F10.4)
END
```

9.2 Program Data

None.

9.3 Program Results

```
G05LHF Example Program Results
-0.4823
 0.7786
 0.1042
 0.4932
 0.7759
```
